NO.	DATE	ENQUIRY	RESPONSE FROM TEAM
NO. 1.	DATE 9 June 2023	 Sales & Purchase Agreement (SPA) for residential units is regulated by the Housing Developer Act. However, in the case of Service Suites, it is not covered by HDA because it is a commercial development. The SPA is therefore a contractual obligation purely between two parties. It has become increasing prevalent for developers to include a clause in a commercial SPA to specify the "Developer's Architect to make a fair and reasonable <u>extension of time</u> for completion and delivery of vacant possession of the said parcel which extension shall be final and binding". The reason admissible for extension is listed as 'exceptional inclement weather, civil commotion, cause beyond Developer's controletc In the event that the project is delayed, this is meant to protect the Developer from excessive claims and compensation for delay. The question I would like to ask is whether PAM have a position pose a lot of unanswered question: 1. Are we as Architect for a commercial project authorised under the architect's Act to determine EOT of SPA and issue EOT that is binding and 'final'? 2. What is the extend of our liability in the event that the 	 We note though that the Form contains no queries for us to reply to but instead, has an implied request for our comments. As there are no details given as to items you wish to be commented upon, we shall assume that the comments sought are related to the questions posed in the above-mentioned letter to you. There would seem to be three (3) main questions posed and our comments on each of these questions are as follows: Q1: Are Architects for a Commercial Development authorised under the Architects Act to determine and issue Extensions of Time (EoT) for Sale and Purchase Agreements (SPA) related to the Development? In the absence of reviewing the actual SPA, it is difficult to ascertain what is required of the Architects at 1967 (Act 117) and arising from Section 35 of the Act, all Architects are also obliged to be knowledgeable of any subsidiary legislation or General Circulars which may be issued pursuant to the Act. Any Professional Architect as such, should always review his expected scope is indeed, in-line with the Act prior to his acceptance of his appointment. If the Enquirer has any further queries with regards to his scope relative to the Act, we are confident that the SbC will be able to assist him. Q2: What is the extent of the Architect's liability to a Purchaser if
		authorised under the architect's Act to determine EOT of SPA and issue EOT that is binding and 'final'?	appointment. If the Enquirer has any further queries with regards to his scope relative to the Act, we are confident that the SbC will be able to assist him.

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		I hope this matter can be brought up to practice committee for guidance and advice by PAM. PAM may have already deliberated on this issue as this is not by any means a new subject. If they do not have an answer, maybe PAM can study the matter and provide a collective response from the profession.	Q3: Is there a conflict of interest for an Architect in certifying EoT for a Developer who is also paying the Architect's fees? The potential for such conflict is certainly present, especially if the Architect allows his judgment in the certification process to be dictated by the Developer in return for monetary or material gain. Nevertheless, it must be remembered that there are specific standards required of an Architect's Code of Conduct. The issue though of an Architect's certificate to his Employer being used for the Employer's dealings with other parties is certainly not uncommon; a Developer's claim for payment from a purchaser under Sabah's Housing (Control and Licensing of Developers) Rules we understand, is required to be accompanied by an Architect's certificate; would this certification also not be prone to a conflict of interest? The issue of Architects being asked to certify items not found in either standard forms of Building Contracts or gazetted documents is certainly neither new nor novel and we shall leave it to the SbC to decide if their practice committee should look into the enquirer's request to further study.
2.	16 March 2023	Enquiry: Housing Legislation & Control We have a project (a multi-storey service apartment) which is under construction and right now the contractor is constructing the road works for "Stage Certification 2(h)" - The roads serving the said building.	We refer to your query on Housing Legislation & Control. As you are aware, all Architects are required to (be knowledgeable of and) comply with the <i>Lembaga Arkitek Malaysia</i> 's General Circular (GC) 2/2017 with regards to Stage Certification under the Housing Development (Control and Licensing) Regulations and our following reply shall be based on the above GC.
		Attached herewith is a sketch diagram showing the roads serving the said building. In our case, there are two types of road serving the said building; the first is the internal	Q1: Can the SP (C&S Engineer) issue a written confirmation to PSP (Architect) for certifying the completion of Stage 2(h)?

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		 parameter road (in yellow) and the second is the existing external roads (in pink) under the jurisdiction of the local authority/JKR. In accordance with the approved Road & Drainage (R&D) plans, these external roads are required to be upgraded i.e. road widening and some infrastructures relocation work i.e. street lighting post, TNB cable, water piping & etc. The C&S Engineer has officially advised the developer that only the internal road is to be fully completed & external roads can be partially completed as per the attached sketch diagram for complying with Stage Completion 2(h). In view of the above, we would like to seek your advice on the followings; Q1: Can the SP (C&S Engineer) issue a written confirmation to PSP (Architect) for certifying the completion of Stage 2(h)? Q2: Does Stage Completion 2(h) requires full completion of all the external road upgrading works as approved by the authorities? 	As per item 7.0 of the Supplementary Notes to the above GC, the Architect is required to request the Engineer to confirm in writing, his concurrence with the satisfactory completion of Stage 2(h) before he certifies. However, this confirmation in writing by the Engineer does not absolve the Architect of his obligation and responsibility to check and confirm the requirements for the completion of this Stage. With regards to your particular case though and based on the absence of any further information, it would be inappropriate for us to comment on whether an Engineer should (or should not) issue any supporting confirmation to the Architect and we would reiterate that the final responsibility for issuing any Stage Completion Certificate still lies with the Architect. Q2: Does Stage Completion 2(h) requires full completion of all the external road upgrading works as approved by the authorities? We note that the above GC does allow for <i>some work to be excluded</i> when considering the completion of Stage 2(h). The work which may be excluded is primarily related to the final finishing which may be vulnerable to damage whilst the remaining construction works are in progress; i.e.; the final wearing course of a pre-mixed road may be excluded. All other works as indicated in an approved plan though (including revised alignments (if any) of the roads leading up to and around the Works, are required to be completed in accordance with the GC for certification of this Stage.
3.	17 January 2023	I have recently taken vacant possession of an 840sf apartment unit and am preparing the unit for rental. I scheduled the installation of 3 air-cond units for the living area and 2 bedrooms. The air-cond installation personnel discovered that there is no direct electrical power connection and switch within the Living Room area for the air-cond unit in the living room. The 4th schedule of my SPA attached	 We refer to your query as submitted on 17-Jan 2023 and would reply as follows – 1. Based on our understanding, there is no clear definition of the "air conditioning powerpoint" in the Sales and Purchase Agreement ('SPA') (which we presume your property was using either the Agreements contained under Schedule H or J of the Housing Development Regulations)

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		 herewith states that the unit is provided with 3 air-conditioning power points. When I approached the Developer's Handover Team, personnel informed me that their definition of air-cond powerpoint is the provision of pipe sleeves point of which they have provided 3 nos. I was told to deal with the missing switch/wiring myself either through hacking/renovation or buying some other type of "double compressor units" (which they probably meant multisplit) i.e. sharing the switch with the master Bedroom. I am reluctant to proceed as told because: My understanding of the air-cond powerpoint is that each location will have a complete wiring and piping reticulation from the switch to the indoor unit to the compressor ready for installation by the homeowner. I am not a party to their construction method with regards to their air-cond piping and wiring works and Amps provided. I do not want to be liable for any problems i.e. a short circuit etc arising from my renovation. I have never been informed that the unit was designed differently and needed a specific/special air-cond type. Based on the above, I would appreciate your advice on the following: What constitutes an air-conditioning power point as stipulated in a SPA? As an owner of a new apartment unit, why do I have to be responsible for figuring out the method of resolving the problem that I am facing and paying for it myself? I have already spent money buying my split units which I am told are not suitable. Can I get the Developer to compensate me? 	 With reference to your attachments and the limited information received, the "air-conditioning power point" is stated under the "Electrical Installation" within the Fourth Schedule of your SPA; hence, it can be generally interpreted as the source of power supplied to the air-conditioning system. However, please note that the mechanical and electrical installation would vary based on the type of air-conditioning system proposed. You should, by all means, communicate formally with the developer, and seek their clarification on the provision of air-conditioning power point as provided under the SPA, including how the points were quantified, the type of air-cond system as allowed for, engineer's justification, etc. You may also seek legal opinion from your lawyer on your rights under the SPA before the above formal communication. In the event that you are not satisfied with the developer's clarification and are of the opinion that the developer did not construct your apartment in accordance with the description as set out in the Fourth Schedule; you may exercise your rights under the Housing Development (Control and Licensing) Act 1966 (Act 118) & Regulations ('HDA') and file your complaint to the Tribunal for Homebuyer Claims under the Ministry of Local Government. We hope the above has been of assistance to you.

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		3. The Technical team does not want to meet face-to-face to resolve this issue. Therefore, I intend to write officially to the developer. What other steps should I take as a homeowner?	